





## CONTROL VALVES AND CENTRAL MAGNETS FOR CAMSHAFT ADJUSTMENT

FOR ALMOST 110 MILLION VEHICLES

MODERN PRODUCTION PROCESSES

Camshaft adjustment is an established method of emission control. Depending on the engine speed, control valves (02) guide the flow of oil through different oil channels to the relevant chambers in the hydraulic camshaft adjuster (01).

As a result, the camshaft (03) is turned relative to the camshaft gear and the valve timing, i.e. the opening and closing points of the intake and exhaust valves, is changed.

The effects of this include:

- Improved operating behaviour under part load and full load
- Reduced fuel consumption
- Internal exhaust gas recirculation
- Dethrottling of the engine
- Reduced pollutant emissions

You will find a list of the products currently available for delivery on the following pages. The range is continually being expanded.





**HIGH-GRADE OE QUALITY** 



## **RANGE OF CONTROL VALVES AND CENTRAL MAGNETS**

Manufacturer	Potential <sup>1)</sup> [million]	Pierburg no.	Example/Vehicles	
BMW	8.3	7.06117.36.0	Alpina	B6, B7
			BMW	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 Series, X1, X3, X4, X5, X6
			Rolls-Royce	Cullinan, Dawn, Ghost, Phantom, Wraith
		7.06117.00.0		
		7.06117.01.0		
		7.06117.02.0		
		7.06117.10.0	-	
		7.06117.58.0		
FCA	7.2	7.06117.38.0	Alfa Romeo	Giulietta, Mito, Spider, 159, 4C
			Fiat	Doblo, Fiorino, Idea, Linea, Palio, Panda, Punto, Qubo, Sienna, 500
			Ford	Ка
			Lancia	Delta, Musa, Ypsilon
		7.06117.35.0		
Ford	19	7.06117.31.0	Ford	B Max, C Max, Fiesta, Focus, Galaxy, Ka, Kuga, Mondeo, S Max, Tourneo Connect, Transit Connect
		7.06117.12.0		
		7.06117.32.0		
		7.06117.33.0		
		7.06117.52.0		
		7.06117.53.0		
		7.06117.55.0		
GM	30.5	7.06117.06.0	Buick	La Crosse, Regal, Verano
			Chevrolet	Captiva, Cobalt, Equinox, HHR, Malibu
			GMC	Terrain
			Opel	Antara, Astra, GT, Insignia
			Pontiac	G5, G6, Pursuit, Solstice
			Saab	9-3, 9-5
			Saturn	Aura, Ion, Sky, Vue
			Vauxhall	Antara, Astra, Insignia
		7.06117.03.0		
		7.06117.04.0	_	
		7.06117.05.0		
		7.06117.07.0		
		7.06117.08.0		
		7.06117.56.0		
		7.06117.57.0		

1) Vehicle fleet or number of vehicles covered

All content including pictures and diagrams is subject to change. For assignment and replacement, refer to the current catalogues or systems based on TecAlliance.





Manufacturer	Potential <sup>1)</sup> [million]	Pierburg no.	Example/Vehicles	
Mercedes-Benz	4.6	7.06117.60.0	Mercedes-Benz	C, E, G, R, S Class, CL, CLK, CLS, GL, GLK, ML, SL, SLK, Sprinter, Viano, Vito
		7.06117.20.0		
		7.06117.21.0		
		7.06117.24.0		
Nissan-Renault	2.8	7.06117.39.0	Renault	Clio, Fluence, Scenic, Laguna, Megane, Modus, Twingo, Wind
		7.06117.14.0		
		7.06117.15.0		
PSA	6.9	7.06117.45.0	Citroën	Berlingo, C-Elysee, C3, C3 Aircross, C3 Picasso, C4, C4 Cactus, C4 Picasso, C5, C5 Aircross, Spacetourer
			DS	DS3, DS4, DS5, DS7
			Opel	Crossland X, Grandland X
			Peugeot	Partner, RCZ, 207, 208, 2008, 301, 308, 3008, 508, 5008
			Vauxhall	Crossland X, Grandland X
		7.06117.34.0		
Subaru	3.7	7.06117.59.0	Scion	FR-S
			Subaru	BRZ, Forester, Impreza, Legacy, Levorg, Outback, WRX
			Toyota	GT86
		7.06117.41.0		
VAG	24.6	7.06117.47.0	Audi	A3, A4, A5, A6, A7, A8, Q3, Q5, Q7, TT
			Porsche	Cayenne
			Volkswagen	Touareg
		7.06117.26.0		
		7.06117.37.0		
		7.06117.42.0	-	
		7.06117.43.0		
		7.06117.44.0		
		7.06117.46.0		
		7.06117.48.0		
		7.06117.54.0		
Volvo	0.7	7.06117.18.0	Land Rover	Freelander
			Volvo	S60, S80, V60, V70, XC60, XC70, XC90
		7.06117.16.0		
		7.06117.17.0		
Σ	108.3	46 articles		

1) Vehicle fleet or number of vehicles covered

## С NOTE

The camshaft adjustment assembly groups may be different for the intake and outlet sides. The corresponding control valves must not be mixed up. Observe the exact assignment.

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## **BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

Control valves for camshaft adjustment are 4/3 way valves. They control the oil flow to working chambers A or B in the camshaft adjuster.

The central magnets are electromagnetic actuators and are a separate component.

The actual valve body is part of the camshaft adjustment.

The camshaft adjuster is located on the end of the intake / outlet camshaft.

The rotor (04) with the oil channels to chambers A / B is permanently connected to the camshaft.

The stator (03) is connected to a ring gear, over which the timing chain runs.

The pressure in chambers A / B enables the rotor – and therefore the camshaft – to be adjusted so it is "early" or "late" relative to the stator.

This results in different lengths of time in which the intake and exhaust valve are simultaneously open.

This "internal exhaust gas recirculation" has an influence on the power and pollutant emissions of the engine.

- When idling, minimal valve overlapping reduces the engine speed while optimising even running.
- For part load operation, the valve overlapping is set to achieve minimal emissions and low fuel consumption.
- At full load, the closing time of the intake valves is used to increase the torque and thus increase power.



Ring grooves I – III and return side IV on control valve



Camshaft adjuster (schematic)

- 01 Chamber A
- 02 Chamber B
- 03 Stator
- 04 Rotor with oil channels to chambers A / B



Valve overlapping 05 Intake valve stroke 06 Exhaust valve stroke

- **UB** Exhaust valve strok
- **07** Valve overlapping

